



## WST-1 Cell Viability & Proliferation Assay (WST)

Catalog #8038

1000 Tests in 96-well plate

### Product Description

The reduction of tetrazolium salts to colored formazan compounds by succinate-tetrazolium reductase provides a sensitive and accurate method to measure cell viability and proliferation. The cleavage of the tetrazolium salts to formazan takes place in the mitochondria of metabolically active cells. ScienCell's WST-1 Cell Viability & Proliferation Assay utilizes a tetrazolium salt, WST-1[2-(4-Iodophenyl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-(2,4-disulfophenyl)-2H-tetrazolium]. WST-1 produces a highly water soluble formazan upon metabolically active cells, allowing a direct and user-friendly colorimetric measurement of cell viability and proliferation without an additional extraction step. The WST kit provides the user the flexibility to record absorbance at different time points, if desired.

### Kit Components

| Cat. # | # of vials | Reagent                  | Quantity | Storage     |
|--------|------------|--------------------------|----------|-------------|
| 8038a  | 5          | WST-1 powder             | 6.5 mg   | -20°C, Dark |
| 8038b  | 5          | Electro Coupling Reagent | 2 ml     | -80°C       |

### Quality Control

Human primary cells are serially diluted and plated in a 96-well plate. The WST-1 Cell Viability & Proliferation Assay kit is used and a linear relationship can be observed between signal produced ( $OD_{450nm} - OD_{630nm}$ ) and the number of cells (Figure 1).

### Product Use

WST kit is used to evaluate the cell viability and proliferation *in vitro*. It is not approved for human or animal use, or application in clinical or *in vitro* diagnostic procedures.

### Shipping

All components are shipped on dry ice.

### Storage

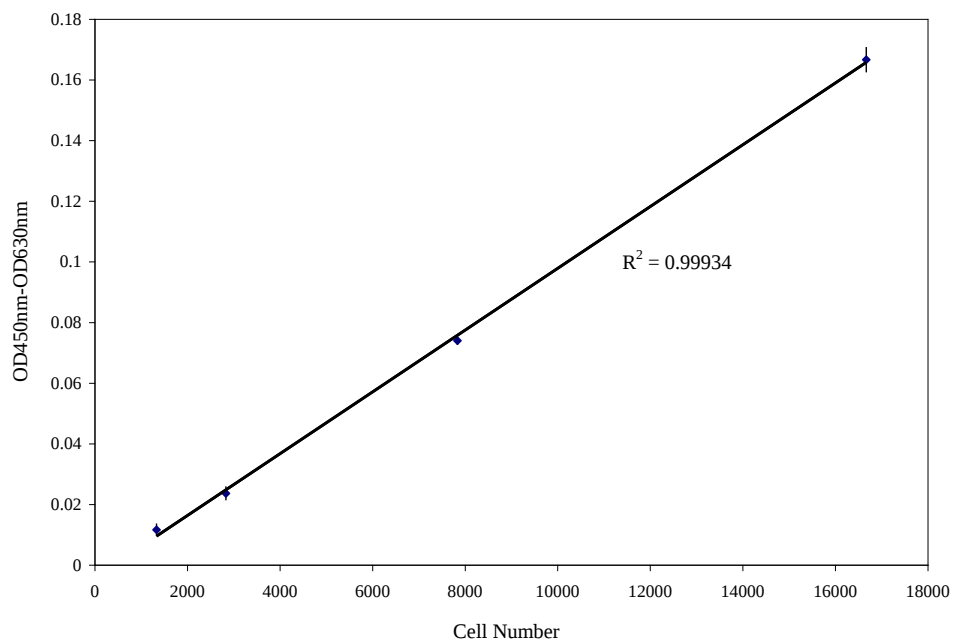
Upon receipt, store WST-1 powder (Cat. #8038a) at -20°C in the dark and Electro Coupling Reagent (Cat. #8038b) at -80°C.

### Procedure (96-well plate)

1. Plate and culture cells in a clear-bottom 96-well tissue culture plate. Incubate cells with test compounds and controls for the desired period of time. The final volume of culture medium in each well should be 100  $\mu$ l.
2. Thaw the Electro Coupling Reagent (Cat. #8038b), and reconstitute each vial of WST-1 (Cat. #8038a) with 2 ml of Electro Coupling Reagent. Vortex briefly and use promptly. Freshly reconstituted WST-1 is recommended for each experiment. Keep the working reagent in the

dark.

3. Add 10  $\mu$ l of reconstituted WST-1 working reagent to each well of 96-well plate (the volume of the WST-1 reagent should be 1/10 of the original culture medium). Mix well by gently rocking the plate side-to-side.
4. Incubate cultures with WST-1 at 37°C for 2-4 hours depending on the cell type and seeding density.
5. After incubation, measure the absorbance on an ELISA plate reader with a test wavelength at 450 nm and a reference wavelength at 630 nm, and subtract the 630 nm background absorbance from the 450 nm measurement.



**Figure 1.** A linear relationship can be observed between OD<sub>450nm</sub>-OD<sub>630nm</sub> and the number of Human Astrocytes (Cat. #1800).